

BOARD OF GOVERNORS

RULES OF PROCEDURE AT MEETINGS

[Rules of Procedure adopted by the Board in support of [By-Law No. 1](#), section 28 and 50]

Amended: April 27, 2023

Recognition

1. After the Chair has called the meeting to order, only one member should speak at a time, and only after being recognized by the Chair.

Agenda and General Discussion

2. The Chair should follow the agenda, which should provide an opportunity to correct the Minutes of the previous meeting and approve them, and which shall become the order of business unless a motion to amend the agenda is made and adopted. Discussion may be on any aspect of each subject as a whole until a specific motion is introduced.

Motions

3. A member who wishes a definite decision may secure recognition from the Chair and make a motion specifying the proposal. The Chair may request motions as required to aid the discussion.
4. A motion must be seconded before the subject matter of the motion is open for debate, and all discussion must apply to it until disposed of, except as provided below. When every member who wishes to speak has done so, the Chair shall call for a vote.
5. The Board's general custom permits the withdrawal of a motion by consent of the mover and seconder, but if either objects the motion must be put to a vote. This applies to substantive motions and amendments.
6. Motions dealing with procedure shall have priority over other motions. Motions to adjourn if the time for the next meeting has been set, to postpone a decision of a subject to a definite time, or to open or close nominations must be voted upon without debate or amendment.
7. The Chair may summarize discussions and present alternatives for consideration when no motion is pending.

Amendments

8. An amendment to a motion must fall within one of the following categories:
 - a. The deletion of certain words
 - b. The addition of certain words
 - c. The deletion of certain words and the substitution of others in their place. An amending motion which would nullify the main motion is not an amendment and cannot be introduced.
9. There cannot be more than two amendments before the meeting at one time, but when one of these has been accepted or rejected, another amendment may be introduced but only if it is different in purpose from one previously defeated.

10. Voting is in the following order:
 - a. On the amendment to the amendment, or the second amendment
 - b. On the amendment
 - c. On the motion if amendments have been defeated or on the motion as amended if an amendment has carried.

Point of Order

11. Only on a point of order or privilege can a member interrupt another member who is speaking, except that with the consent of the speaker questions may be asked. If a member feels that improper language has been used, irrelevant argument introduced, or a rule of procedure broken, the member is entitled to "rise to a point of order", interrupting the speaker. The point of order must be stated definitely and concisely and the Chair shall decide without debate, although the Chair may ask opinions. The Chair's ruling may be appealed by the member who has risen to a point of order and, if so, the Chair states the decision and the point of appeal. The Chair then puts the question which is not debatable: "Shall the decision of the Chair stand as the judgment of this meeting?". A simple majority decides the issue. This merely settles a point of procedure and is not a vote of confidence in the Chair.

Question of Privilege

12. If a member feels that a statement reflects on his/her reputation or that of the Board, the Committee, or the University, the member is entitled to raise a "question of privilege". The procedure is the same as for a point of order.

General

13. On special motions, the following procedure shall prevail:
 - a. To adjourn (debatable as to time only)
 - b. To take a recess (not debatable)
 - c. To raise a question of privilege (personal - not debatable)
 - d. To lay on the table (not debatable)
 - e. To limit or extend the limits of debate (not debatable)
 - f. To postpone to a definite time (debatable as to time only)
 - g. To amend (debatable).